ŠKOLSKO NATJECANJE UČENIKA OSNOVNIH ŠKOLA REPUBLIKE HRVATSKE

Školska godina 2006./ 2007.

ENGLESKI JEZIK

	Z	APORKA:		
	Bro	j postignutih bodova:		
	I.	Čitanje s razumijevanjem: _		
II. Uporaba jezika (gramatika i vokabular):				
		UKUPNO BODOVA:		
Školsko po	vjerenstv	o:		
1				
2			Predsjednik školskog povjerenstva:	
2				

a) Read the text and circle T (true) or F (false) for each statement

THINK OF THE FUTURE

Every day we throw away millions of tons of rubbish. Half of this is paper that we can use again. A typical family in Europe or America throws away more than one ton of rubbish each year, but we can recycle most of this. If we recycle things, we can save money, energy and natural resources. Recycling Sunday *New York Times* newspapers, for example, will save 75, 000 trees every week.

A lot of the rubbish that we throw away is not biodegradable. Plastic, metals and chemicals will not disappear for hundreds of years. We also produce a lot of unnecessary things, such as packaging. All this pollutes the air, the land and the water. Pollution will be a very big problem in the future. We must avoid using non-biodegradable material. We must also reduce the amount of unnecessary things that we produce and use. In shops, for example, we can say "No, thanks!" to the packaging that comes with the things we buy.

Many natural resources are not renewable. Coal, gas, oil, metals and minerals, for example, will finish one day. Other resources take a long time to grow, such as trees, or they are not always available, such as water. We have to reduce the amount of resources and energy that we use. We have to find alternative ways to make energy. We can use the sun, the wind, the sea, and the heat of the Earth.

By recycling, the majority of natural resources can be saved.
Plastic, metals, and chemicals are biodegradable.
Coal, gas and oil will never disappear.
We don't have to find alternative ways of energy because the sun, the wind and the sea will exist forever.

process of putting goods in something (2 nd paragraph)=					
that can be used again (3 rd paragraph) =					
quantity (2 nd paragraph) =					
useful supplies or possession (1 st paragraph) =					
keep away from something (2 nd paragraph) =					
ed					
ake and					
. Do you have some informations about my dog?					
. She speaks English fluently but she can't write it correct.					
ined:					

b) Find the words in the text with the same meaning as their explanations below.

Test - 3

Choose from the words in the box and complete the text. You will not need all the words.

trip, idea, closed, surprise, open, competition, strange, invention, cheap, stage, glasses, binoculars

Young Girl Gets Prize

Sarah invented "camoculars" - binoculars and a camera together. She was one of
thousands of young people who sent their ideas to Amazon.com, the web company that
organized the (1) for young inventors.
Sarah was at a concert when she thought of her (2) 'I was sitting a
long way from the (3) and I was watching the band through my (4)
While I was watching, I thought, "I'd love to be able to take a picture of
this!" Then I got an (5) Why not have binoculars with a camera inside
them?'
When she got home, she took some plastic binoculars and a (6)
camera and put them together. Her sister was watching her and told her about the competition.
So Sarah sent her idea to Amazon.com and two months later, she got a (7)
Amazon.com phoned to say that she was a winner. They didn't give her the top prize in the
competition, but she won \$ 1,000 and a (8) to New York.
People are already asking Sarah what she is going to invent next. 'I don't know,' says
Sarah. 'If you just sit there and think, you won't invent anything, because you get ideas at (9)
moments. The only thing I can do is keep my eyes and ears (10)
!'
10 points/Points gained

Test-4-Tenses- **Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.**

The King's Fans

Ask hundreds of people what	they will be doing on a certain	day in August next year, or the			
year after, and there (1)	(BE) only one	reply. Provided of course that			
people you ask (2)	(BELONG) to the	Elvis Presley Fan Club.			
Although the King of Rock a	nd Roll died nearly three decad	les ago, his fans			
(3)(MEE	ET) every year since then outsid	de his home in Memphis, Tenesee,			
to show respect for the singer they love so much – fans, like Jean from London. Jean					
(4)(VIS	SIT) Graceland, the house where	re Elvis suffered his fatal heart			
attack, twice in the past five y	years. 'The first time I (5)	(BORROW) the			
money from my mom, as I (6))(NO	T WORK) then. But two years			
ago, I got married and since the	hen I (7)	(WORK) in my husband's			
garage. My husband and I went together last year, and we (8)					
(THINK) of spending two months in the USA next year. I have always wanted to visit places					
where Elvis (9)	(PERFORM). ' Jean s	says that Elvis			
(10)((BE) her obsession since she wa	as ten years old, and she owns			
every single one of his record	ls.				

Test -5 – Fill in the missing preposition.	
1. I went New York last week.	
2. Did you stay at a hotel or friends?	
3. The house is fire! Call the fire brigade!	
4. Sue is married a dentist.	
5. It was kind you to help us.	
	5 points/ Points gained:
Tests – 6 – Write the opposites of the following words	using prefixes with negative
meaning.	
1. logical	
2. polite	
3. clockwise	
4. secure	
5. responsible	
	5 points/ Points gained:

Test – 7 – Read the text and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Places

When I f	irst <u>arrived</u> (0) here to take up my ne	w job, I stayed in a	hotel, but I				
soon star	soon started looking for some permanent(1). The first flat I							
	(2) over was in(3), and was obviously extremely							
damp in	damp in winter. Quite apart from the fact that the only(4) was a brick							
wall. The	wall. Then I had a look at a small flat in a modern(5). It had a							
(6) space and a garden, but the(7) was fa								
too high		(8						
		use was in a quiet						
saw it I fell in love with it. There was a high overgrown(10)								
	around the front garden, and(11) to park cars in the drive. The room							
to	(12) looke	ed out	(13) the back	garden, and a				
big wind	ow. Although it meant	(14) t	he kitchen and livi	ng room, I				
didn't ha	ve my own bathroom, i	eally just a shower and	washbasin	(15)				
into wha	t must have once been a	a cupboard.						
0)	A) arrived	B) come	C) arrive	D) get				
1)	A) home	B) accommodation	C) house	D) landlords				
2)	A) passed	B) viewed	C) came	D) looked				
3)	A) an attic	B) a basement	C) a cave	D) a bedsit				
4)	A) view	B) entrance	C) distance	D) bathroom				
5)	A) tower	B) department	C) block	D) square				
6)	A) living	B) breathing	C) working	D) parking				
7)	A) lift	B) roof	C) area	D) rent				
8)	A) end	B) live	C) shut	D) pay				
9)	A) surroundings	B) neighbourhood	C) context	D) premises				
10)	A) fence	B) bush	C) hedge	D) lawn				
11)	A) room	B) permission	C) areas	D) place				
12)	A) let	B) spend	C) pay	D) share				
13)	A) in	B) over	C) at	D) for				
14)	A) without	B) in	C) sharing	D) having				
15)	A) poured	B) crowded	C) cluttered	D) crammed				

Points 15/ Points gained: _____

RJEŠENJA TESTA IZ ENGLESKOG JEZIKA ZA OSNOVNU

ŠKOLU

ŠKOLSKO NATJECANJE

Školska godina 2006./2007.

Test 1 – a) 1.t, 2.f, 3.f, 4.f

b) 1.- packaging, 2. – renewable, 3. – amount, 4. – resources, 5. – avoid, 6. – rubbish

10 points

- **Test 2**. -1. My sister hates speaking foreign languages.
 - 2. Are there <u>any</u> books on the kitchen table?
 - 3. Do you have some information about my dog?
 - 4. She speaks English fluently but she can't write it <u>correctly</u>.
 - 5. I'm taking good care of myself.

5 points

Test 3. – 1. competition, 2. invention, 3, stage, 4. binoculars, 5. idea, 6. cheap, 7. surprise, 8. trip, 9. strange, 10. open.

10 points

Test 4. -1. will be, 2. belong, 3. have met/ have been meeting, 4. has visited, 5. borrowed, 6. was not working, 7. have worked/ have been working, 8. are thinking, 9. performed, 10. has been.

10 points

Test 5. -1. to, 2. with, 3.on, 4. to, 5. of

5 points

Test 6. – 1. illogical, 2. impolite, 3. anticlockwise, 4. insecure, 5. irresponsible

5 points

Test 7. -Priznaju se točni odgovori bez obzira na to je li cijela riječ ili slovo napisano na crtu, ili je točan odgovor zaokružen ispod teksta.

0. A), 1. B), 2. D), 3. B), 4. A), 5. C), 6. D), 7. D), 8. A), 9. B), 10. C), 11. A), 12. A), 13. B), 14. C), 15. D).

15 points

SVEUKUPNO BODOVA:

Razumijevanje pročitanog: 10 bodova

Uporaba jezika

(gramatika i vokabular): 50 bodova

60 bodova